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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/811,472		03/24/2004	Gerhard Vollmar	MPNR. 01/603	1762	
24131	7590	09/28/2006	•	EXAMINER		
		BERG STEMER LL	BONURA, TIMOTHY M			
P O BOX 24 HOLLYWO		33022-2480		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
				2114	2114	
				DATE MAILED: 09/28/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/811,472	VOLLMAR ET AL.			
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Tim Bonura	2114			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Or period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 M					
, 	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	х рапе Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 48	03 U.G. 213.			
Disposit	ion of Claims					
·	Claim(s) <u>1-3</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed.	vn from consideration.				
•	Claim(s) <u>1-3</u> is/are rejected.					
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
, —	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on <u>24 March 2005</u> is/are: a	a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected t	·			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex					
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
,	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	ity documents have been receive	ed in this National Stage			
	application from the International Bureau	, ,,				
* (See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.			
Attachmen	nt(s)					
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D				
3) 🛛 Infor	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date 05/26/2004.	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:				

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DETAILED ACTION

 Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tong, et al, U.S. Patent Number 5,272,704 and further in view of Tsuyama, et al, U.S. Patent Number 5,596,712.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tong, et al, U.S. Patent Number 5,272,704 and further in view of Tsuyama, et al, U.S. Patent Number 5,596,712.
- 4. Regarding claim 1:
 - a. Regarding the limitation of "method for automated processing of fault hypotheses in a course of a fault cause analysis in a case of a fault event in a technical installation,"

 Tong discloses a system with an analysis engine to build a fault tree based on system test measurements. (Lines 6-10 of Column 6). Tong does not disclose a system that

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can hypotheses a fault due to a technical installation. However, Tsuyama disclose a system with a fault tree that can be based in part on installation information. (Lines of 57-65 of Column 10). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the fault analysis system of Tong with the fault tree analysis system of Tsuyama. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been inclined to combine the prior art because Tong discloses that the system in which data can be enter into the system for a better model for diagnosis. (Lines 53-56 of Column 6). Tsuyama fulfils this need by allowing installation information of the system to be used to diagnosis fault conditions.

- b. Regarding the limitation of "providing a data processing system which uses knowledge-based models for the fault cause analysis and physical models of installation functions and processes carried out by the technical installation, the data processing system having first means for calculating and storing installation and process states and the first means having access to the physical models and to data relating to the technical installation stored in a data server, the data processing system further having second means for hypothesis processing and an input/output device," Tsuyama discloses a system that can use installation information (Lines 57-65 of Column 10) to help build a fault tree representing causal relations between faults and cause of the faults in a true structure on the basis of information concerning the structure and characteristics of the system. (Liens 20-26 of Column 2).
- c. Regarding the limitation of "determining, through a user of the data processing system, an existence of a fault hypothesis," Tsuyama discloses a system with fault information being entered into the fault tree search with a determination being made of the fault. (Lines 35-40 of Column 2).

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d. Regarding the limitation of "accessing, through the second means for hypothesis processing, results of a calculation of the installation and process states and accessing a checklist of the knowledge-based models for automatically verifying the fault hypothesis on a basis of conditions associated with checklist items in the checklist," Tsuyama discloses a system with supplying the information to a host computer from the fault tree data base, and a statistical analysis occurring on the data. (Lines 40-50 of Column 2).

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- e. Regarding the limitation of "entering a verification result for each checklist item in a result list," Tsuyama discloses a system in which analysis of the information from the database occurs based on the quality of the information entered. (Lines 47-50 of Column 2).
- f. Regarding the limitation of "outputting the result list," Tsuyama disclose in which an alert can be sent out to a technician with the proper diagnosis for quick repair. (Lines 36-40 of Column 3).

5. Regarding claim 2:

g. Regarding the limitation of "a system for automated processing of fault hypotheses in a course of a fault cause analysis in a case of a fault event in a technical installation," Tong discloses a system with an analysis engine to build a fault tree based on system test measurements. (Lines 6-10 of Column 6). Tong does not disclose a system that can hypotheses a fault due to a technical installation. However, Tsuyama disclose a system with a fault tree that can be based in part on installation information. (Lines of 57-65 Column 10). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the fault analysis system of Tong with the fault tree analysis system of Tsuyama. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been inclined to combine the prior art because Tong discloses that the system in which data

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can be enter into the system for a better model for diagnosis. (Lines 53-56 of Column 6). Tsuyama fulfils this need by allowing installation information of the system to be used to diagnosis fault conditions.

- h. Regarding the limitation of "a data server storing data relating to the technical installation; a data processing system processing knowledge-based models for the fault cause analysis and physical models of technical installation functions and processes which can be carried out by the technical installation," Tsuyama discloses a system that can use installation information (Lines 57-65 of Column 10) to help build a fault tree representing causal relations between faults and cause of the faults in a true structure on the basis of information concerning the structure and characteristics of the system. (Liens 20-26 of Column 2).
- i. Regarding the limitation of "first means for calculating and storing installation and process states, said first means having access to the physical models and to the data stored in said data server for the technical installation," Tsuyama discloses a system with supplying the information to a host computer from the fault tree data base, and a statistical analysis occurring on the data. (Lines 40-50 of Column 2).
- j. Regarding the limitation of "second means for hypothesis processing," Tsuyama discloses a system in which analysis of the information from the database occurs based on the quality of the information entered. (Lines 47-50 of Column 2).
- k. Regarding the limitation of "an input/output device connected to said second means for hypothesis processing," Tsuyama discloses a system with fault information being entered into the fault tree search with a determination being made of the fault. (Lines 35-40 of Column 2).

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6. Regarding claim 3, Tsuyama discloses a system with supplying the information to a host computer from the fault tree database, and a statistical analysis occurring on the data. (Lines 40-50 of Column 2).

Specification

7. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

Conclusion

- 8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **Tim Bonura**.
 - The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri: 8:30-5:00.
 - The examiner can be reached at: 571-272-3654.
- 9. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, please contact the examiner's supervisor, **Scott Baderman**.
 - o The supervisor can be reached on 571-272-3644.
- 10. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are:
 - o 703-872-9306 for all patent related correspondence by FAX.
- 11. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

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system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov/. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

- 12. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the **receptionist** whose telephone number is: **571-272-2100**.
- **13.** Responses should be mailed to:
 - o Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Tim Bonura Examiner Art Unit 2114

September 25, 2006